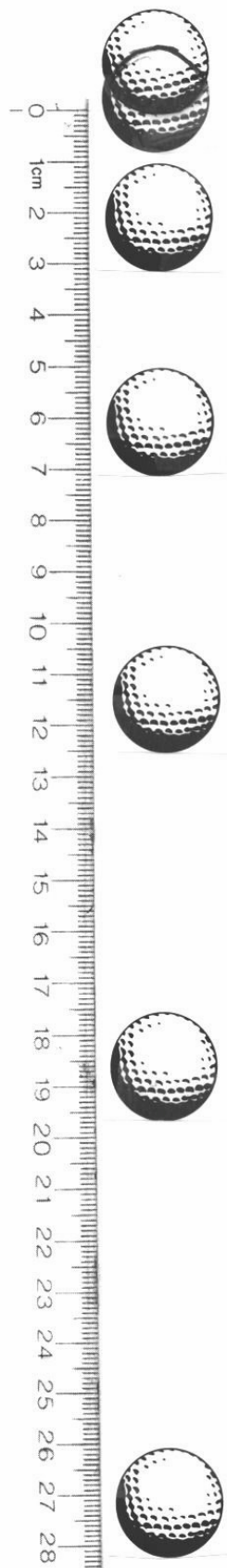


In physics, "free-fall" means -

ball #	total t (s)	total d (cm)	d <sub>instant</sub> (cm)	v <sub>instant</sub> (cm/s)
0	0	0	0	0
1	0.040		d <sub>2</sub> - d <sub>0</sub> =	d <sub>in</sub> /0.080s =
2			d <sub>3</sub> - d <sub>1</sub> =	d <sub>in</sub> /0.080s =
3			d <sub>4</sub> - d <sub>2</sub> =	d <sub>in</sub> /0.080s =
4			d <sub>5</sub> - d <sub>3</sub> =	d <sub>in</sub> /0.080s =
5			d <sub>6</sub> - d <sub>4</sub> =	d <sub>in</sub> /0.080s =
6				



1. Follow the directions on the video to fill in total time and total displacement on the above data table. Then, make a graph of total time (x-axis) vs. total displacement (y-axis).
2. After your results from #1 are discussed on the video, follow the directions on the video to fill in instantaneous displacement and instantaneous velocity. Then make a graph of time (x-axis) vs. instantaneous velocity (y-axis). Draw a rise-run triangle and find the slope of the line.

$$slope = \frac{rise}{run} = \text{---} = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$