Conflict Grows Checkpoint Quiz

Score: ________

1. A delegate is _____________.
   A Someone that tells other people what they are supposed to do to prepare for a war.
   B Someone that represents someone else when they commit a crime.
   C Someone that is chosen to speak for someone else.
   D Someone that helped the British collect taxes from the colonists.

2. What was the cause of the First Continental Congress?
   A The cause was that the colonists wanted to hold a meeting to discuss the Intolerable Acts to discuss what to do about them.
   B The cause was that the colonists wanted to hold a meeting to discuss taking back land from the French.
   C The cause was that the colonists wanted to hold a meeting to discuss defending themselves from the cruel British soldiers.
   D The cause was that the colonists wanted to hold a meeting to discuss the Mohawk Indians taking revenge on them for framing them in the Boston Tea Party.

3. Which statement is FALSE about John Adams?
   A John Adams defended the British soldiers after the Boston Massacre.
   B John Adams was a part of The First Continental Congress.
   C John Adams nominated George Washington to be the commander-in-chief.
   D John Adams was most known for setting up the Committees of Correspondance.

4. Why did the colonists call the coercive acts the Intolerable Acts?
   A The colonists did not think coercive was a satisfactory name for them.
   B The colonists called them this because intolerable means unbearable and they were angry about them.
   C The colonists believed the Native Americans were Intolerable and wanted to name it after them.
   D None of the above.

5. Why did British Parliament pass the Coercive Acts?
   A To punish the colonists for not buying tea from the East India Company.
   B To punish the colonists for the Boston Massacre.
   C To punish the colonists in Massachusetts for the Boston Tea Party.
   D To punish the colonists for treating the British soldiers disrespectfully.
6. **What were reasons someone would be defined as a loyalist?**
   - A. They joined the British Army.
   - B. Both C and D.
   - C. They viewed Britain as a country that could protect them and stick up for them.
   - D. They did not want to separate from Britain.

7. **What were reasons someone might be defined as a patriot?**
   - A. None of the answer choices.
   - B. They represented the colonists in British Parliament.
   - C. They supported the cause of the colonists and being separated from Britain.
   - D. They served the British Army greatly.

8. **What was NOT a part of the Intolerable Acts passed by British Parliament?**
   - A. The Boston Port Act- Closed all ports until the Americans repaid the damages done during the Boston tea Party. This had a tremendous detrimental impact on Boston's economy.
   - B. The Quebec Act-Extended the Canadian territory and personal freedom.
   - C. The Quartering Act-Forced Colonists to open their homes to host soldiers.
   - D. The Stamp Act- Forced colonists to pay for postage on paper products.

9. **Which colony did not send delegates to the First Continental Congress?**
   - A. South Carolina
   - B. Massachusetts
   - C. Georgia
   - D. Pennsylvania

10. **What did the First Continental Congress want to express to King George III?**
    Select **TWO**.
    - A. No Taxation without Representation.
    - B. We declare war on Great Britain.
    - C. They were still loyal to the King, but felt Parliament had been unfair to tax the colonies without allowing representation in Parliament.
    - D. They were satisfied with the new tax laws and thanked King George III for repealing the Intolerable Acts.