

Main Ideas, Key Points, Questions:

After watching the video segment, write down key points, main ideas and big questions.

NOTE-TAKING GUIDE Unit 6, SEGMENT C

Name:

Date:

Objective(s):

- To use dimensional analysis to solve molar volume conversions.
- To calculate percent composition, empirical formulae and molecular formulae.

Notes:

During the video segment, use words, phrases or drawings to take notes.

Summary:

After watching the video segment, write at least three sentences explaining what you learned. You can ask yourself: "If I was going to explain this to someone else, what would I say?"



QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER: Unit 6, SEGMENT C Name:

Date:

After watching the video and performing any associated labs and/or experiments, you should be able to answer the following:

- 1. What is the volume of a mole of any gas at standard temperature and pressure?
- 2. What is "standard temperature" in degrees Celsius?
- 3. What is "standard pressure"?
- 4. If the molar volume of one mole of carbon dioxide is 22.41 liters, what is the molar volume of two moles of carbon dioxide at standard temperature and pressure?
- 5. How do chemists use gas chromatography?
- 6. The simplest ratio of the elements in a chemical formula is known as the empirical formula. If a compound exists with the following formula, C₁₂H₂₄O₁₂, what is its empirical formula?
- 7. Percent composition is the percentage by mass of each element in a compound. The empirical formula of copper sulfide is Cu₂S. Calculate the percent composition by mass of copper in Cu₂S.

%Cu = 2 x molar mass of copper/molar mass of Cu₂S = _____ %Cu

To determine the empirical formula of a compound, we sometimes use a rhyme to remind us of the steps in the calculation.

Percent to mass Mass to mole Divide by smallest Multiply until whole

- 8. Use these steps to find the empirical formula of a compound that is 25.9% N and 74.1% O.
- 9. Unlike an empirical formula, the molecular formula states the exact number and type of each atom present in a molecule. Show the three steps needed to calculate the molecular formula for ethylene.
- 10. If the empirical formula of ethylene is CH₂, find the molecular formula if the molecular mass is 28.1 g/mol