Descriptive Abbreviations

(____) _____

(____)

(____)

Determining State at Room Temperature

• All _____, which is a

• Most _____ are ____ with these exceptions:

- a) liquid _____
- b) solids _____, _____, and _____,

• All _____ are solids.

• _____, unless stated otherwise.

• _____ compounds are _____, unless stated otherwise.

When heated, solid mercury(II)oxide yields mercury and oxygen gas.

Classifying Reactions

Synthesis: 1.

> • _____ or ____ substances combine to form a more substance.

• _____

• Fe (s)+_____ → ____

• H₂O (I)+ _____> _____

2. Decomposition

• A _____ substance is ____ into _____ or more _____ substances.

• AB → _____

• 2H₂O (I) → _____+

• _____+___

Single Replacement 3.

> • A free _____ replaces a _____ element in a ______.

• A + BY → _____+

• Zn (s) + _____ + ____

• 2Al (s)+ _____+ ____

Cu (s) + MqCl₂ (aq) → ______

• Activity Series: an _____ of elements in the order of their _____ to ____

Decreasing Activity

Lithium Potassium Barium Calcium Sodium Magnesium Aluminum Manganese Zinc Chromium Iron Cadmium Nickel Tin Lead (Hydrogen) Copper Mercury Silver Gold

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4.	Double Replacement The of reacting other.	each
	Normally takes place in an	·
	Also called reactions	
	• AX + BY →+	
	 2KI (aq) + + + +	
	• NaCl (aq) + +	
5.	Combustion Involves the of a substance with	·
	Often called	
	• The of a	produces
	• C _x H _y + O ₂ →+	
	• C ₃ H ₈ (g) + 5O ₂ (g) →+	-
	• CH ₄ (g)++	
	The Chemistry Quiz	

CR1._____ CR2.____ 1.____ 2.____ 5.____ 3.____