

1. What is the Japanese word for “lunch break?” Write it in *roomaji*.

hiru yasumi

2. Where are the two possible places for Japanese students to eat lunch at school? Write them in *roomaji*.

shokudoo, kyooshitsu

3. What is the Japanese word for “lunch box?” Write it in *roomaji*. (o)bentoo

4. The Japanese word jikan means both “time” and “hour” in English.

5. What suffix do you need to use after activities when you are talking about clubs?

yakyuu-bu, tenisu-bu, basukettobooru-bu

6. Fill in the blank with the appropriate word in *roomaji*.

(a) I enter / join → hairimasu

(b) Would you like to enter / join? → hairimasen-ka

(c) I belong to ~ → ~-ni haitte-imasu

7. You want to find out what clubs your friend belongs to. What would you say?

Nan -no kurabu -ni haitte-imasu-ka?

8. Write the reading of the underlined words or *kanji* in *roomaji*.

<u>小学校</u> (<u>shoogakkoo</u>)	<u>中学校</u> (<u>chuu</u>)	<u>高校</u> (<u>kookoo</u>)	<u>大学</u> (<u>daigaku</u>)
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9. Match the following Japanese gestures and their meanings. Choose the correct number from the list below.

(a) Pointing to your nose (2)

(b) Waving your hand up and down (4)
in front of you (like waving “good-bye” in the U.S.)

(c) Tilting your head (5)

(d) Chopping with your hand (1)

(e) Breathing in and making noises (3)

- (1) passing between two people
(2) referring to yourself
(3) facing problems

- (4) “Come here.”
(5) not knowing something