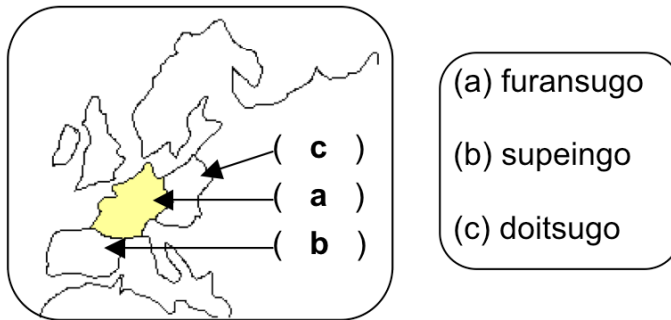


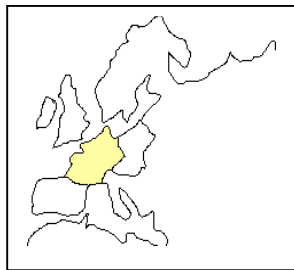
1. Match the following *kanji* for the days of the week with the appropriate reading.

月	_____	getsu (-yoobi)
木	_____	ka (-yoobi)
水	_____	sui (-yoobi)
金	_____	moku (-yoobi)
火	_____	kin (-yoobi)
日	_____	do (-yoobi)
土	_____	nichi (-yoobi)

2. What language do they speak in the following countries? Place the following languages in the appropriate spots on the map.



3. Which *kamoku* are they? Choose the correct answer from the list on the right.



(a)

5 + 14 = 19
 $3/5 - 1/10 = 1/2$
 135 x 24 = 3260

(b)

2500 BC
 1776
 Y2K

(c)

(a) ちり
 chi ri
 (b) すうがく
 su u ga ku
 (c) れきし
 re ki shi

4. Circle the words that fall under the category of *kamoku* (かもく).

(eigo) tamago (rekishi) sushi
 (ongaku) mizu tsukue (suugaku)

5. Japanese school students have different subjects at different times every day of the week. During breaks teachers rotate classrooms while students remain in the same classroom.

6. Patterson's schedule:

Write the letter of the subject under the correct day of the week.

月 火 水 木 金
 d c d , a c b

- | | | | |
|-------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| (a) rekishi | (b) ongaku | (c) suugaku | (d) chiri |
|-------------|------------|-------------|-----------|

7. Japanese use *katakana* for those special words that come from English and other (non-Japanese) languages.

8. Match the *hiragana* with its *katakana* counterpart.

ウ カ キ へ リ
 き り う か へ

9. Japanese advertisers use *katakana* to get people's attention.