

Half-Life Lab

Objective:

Demonstrate the concept of half-lives using pennies to represent radioactive atoms undergoing a predictable change.

Materials:

- (100) pennies
- box for pennies
- · provided graph to complete
- pens/pencils
- stopwatch



Follow all regular lab safety procedures.

Procedure:

- 1. Each student should have a box containing 100 pennies. Open the box and position every penny face up. When you are done, all 100 pennies should show heads.
- 2. On the graph paper provided, mark the number 100 as the starting amount on the vertical axis.
- Close the box and shake it for ten seconds. For this lab, ten seconds represents the half-life of a radioactive element.
- Open the box and remove any pennies that have flipped over and are now showing tails instead of heads. A penny that shows tails represents an atom that has undergone radioactive decay.
- 5. Count the number of pennies remaining in the box, and record the number on your graph as the number of atoms that are still radioactive after one half-life.
- 6. Repeat steps 3-5 until you complete a total of five half-lives. Record your results.

UNIT 11-C TOOLKIT

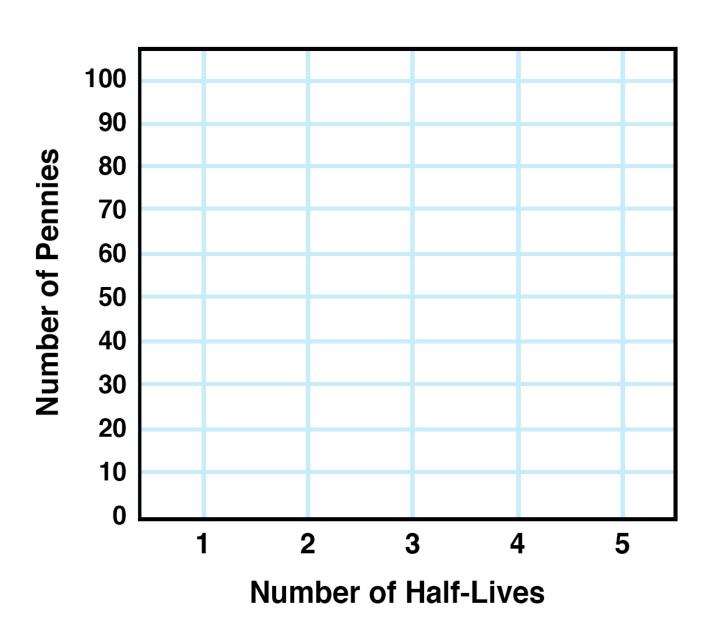


Questions:

1.	Looking at the	graph you	created,	what can y	you tell about	the half-liv	es of the p	ennies?
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2. How many half-lives would it take to get rid of almost the entire original sample of parent atoms?





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