**Vocabulary:** Fill in the blanks with the most appropriate term.

\_\_\_\_\_ is also called Avogadro's number. The mass of one mole of any pure substance is called the \_\_\_\_\_ mass. For any element, this mass is equal to the atomic mass with the unit \_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_.

The \_\_\_\_\_\_ formula of a compound is the simplest whole number ratio of atoms, while the \_\_\_\_\_\_ formula of a compound represents the actual number of each atom in the compound.

\_\_\_\_\_ are compounds that crystallize from a water solution with water molecules clinging to the crystal particles.

<u>**Problems</u>**: Work each of the following problems showing all work. These problems are representative of each type of problem worked in this unit. For more practice on a given type of problem, refer back to Note Taking Guides, worksheets, and quizzes.</u>

- 1. Calculate the molar mass for ethane,  $C_2H_6$ .
- 2. Convert 45 g Se to moles of Se.

3. Convert  $4.77 \times 10^{24}$  molecules of SO<sub>2</sub> to grams.

4. What is the percentage composition of sodium hydroxide, NaOH?

5. A compound is found to contain 63 % manganese, Mn, and 37 % oxygen. What is the compound's empirical formula?

6. What is the empirical formula for a substance if a 1.000 g sample of it contains 0.262 grams of nitrogen, 0.075 grams of hydrogen, and 0.663 grams of chlorine?

7. What is the molecular formula for a compound with an empirical formula of  $NO_2$  and a molar mass of 92.0 g/mol?

8. What is the formula for a hydrate that contains 6.4 g CuSO<sub>4</sub> and 3.6 g  $H_2O_7$ ?