1. What is the difference in temperature and heat?

2. ______ is energy in motion. ______ is stored energy and _____ be measured. _____ can be measured.

3. When you heat a substance and the temperature rises, how much it rises depends upon its ______.

4. The definition of specific heat capacity is the amount of ______ required to do what?

5. You can touch the aluminum pan of a TV dinner soon after is has been taken from the oven, but you will burn your hand if you touch the food it contains. Explain.

6. Why doesn't the temperature of water (for example) continually increase as it is heated?

7. What equations must be used to calculate the heat associated with a phase change?

Why can't the specific heat equation be used?

Use these charts as needed in the following calculations: You will need your own paper to complete your calculations.

Substance	Spec	ific Heat (J/g°C)
H₂O (I)		4.184
H ₂ O (steam)		2.02
Al (s)		0.89
Fe (s)		0.45

- 8. How much heat is required to warm 275 g of water from 76 $^{\circ}$ C to 87 $^{\circ}$ C?
- 9. PCl_3 is a compound used to manufacture pesticides. A reaction requires that 96.7 g of PCl_3 be raised from 31.7 °C to 69.2 °C. How much energy will this require given that the specific heat of PCl_3 is 0.874 J/g °C?
- 10. A quantity of water is heated from $25.0\,^{\circ}C$ to $36.4\,^{\circ}C$ by absorbing $325\,^{\circ}J$ of heat energy. What is the mass of the water?
- 11. A 500. g sample of an unknown metal releases 6.4×10^2 J as it cools from 55.0 °C to 25.0 °C. What is the specific heat of the sample?
- 12. In a household radiator, 1000.g of steam at 100.°C condenses (changes from gas to liquid). How much heat is released?
- 13. How much heat is necessary to change a 52.0 g sample of water at $33.0^{\circ}C$ into steam at $110.0^{\circ}C$? This problem requires several steps since temperature changes and a phase change takes place. Use the hints to solve.
 - 1) Solve for the heat required to increase the water temperature from 33.0 $^{\circ}$ C to 100.0 $^{\circ}$ C. Stop here because the water will change phase at this temperature.
 - 2) Solve for the heat required to change the water into steam (no change in temp).
 - 3) Calculate the heat required to change the temperature of the steam from $100.0\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $110.0\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.
 - 4) To get the heat required for the whole process, _____ the calculated heats from above.